Silversione

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Foreword

Thanks for your purchasing our forklift truck.

ES16 is our company's new product. This manual is about how to use, operation and maintenance . Please operator and whom in charge of the truck must read the manual carefully before operate the truck.

We have the right to improve the truck, maybe there are some difference between your product and the description in this manual.

If you have any questions please keep in touch with the sales department.

WARNING!

TO PREVENT SETIOUS RISK OF INJURY TO YOUORSELF AND OTHERS OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.

These truck may become hazardous if adequate maintenance is neglected. Therefore, adequate maintenance facilities, trained personnel and procedures should be provided.

Maintenance and inspection shall be performed in conformance with the following practices:

1. A scheduled planned maintenance, lubrication and inspection system should be followed.

2. Only qualified and authorized personnel shall be permitted to maintain, repair, adjust, and inspect truck.

- 3. Before leaving the truck:
- Do not park the truck on an incline.
- Fully lower the load forks.
- Set the key switch (4) to the "OFF" position and remove the key.
- -Drawing back the emergency brake switch (11).
- Fold in the folding side arm
- 4. Before starting to operate truck:
- Be in operating position
- Place directional control in neutral

– Before operating truck, check functions of lift systems, directional control, speed control, steering, warning devices and brakes.

5. Avoid fire hazards and have fire protection equipment present. Do not use open flame to check lever, or for leakage of electrolyte and fluids or oil. Do not use open pans of fuel or flammable cleaning fluids for cleaning parts.

6. Brakes, steering mechanisms, control mechanisms, guards and safety devices shall be inspected regularly and maintained in legible condition.

7. Capacity, operation and maintenance instruction plates or decals shall be maintained in legible condition.

8. All parts of lift mechanisms shall be inspected to maintain them in safe operating condition.

9. All hydraulic systems shall be regularly inspected and maintained in conformance with good practice. Cylinders, valves and other similar parts shall be checked to assure that "drift" has not developed to the extent that it would create a hazard.

10. Truck shall be kept in a clean condition to minimize fire hazards facilitate detection of loose or detective parts.

11. Modifications and additions which affect capacity and safe truck operation shall not be performed by the customer or user without manufacturers prior written approval. Capacity, operation and maintenance plates or decals shall be changed accordingly.

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Correct use and application

The "Guidelines for the Correct Use and Application of Industrial Trucks" (VDMA) are supplied with the truck. The guidelines form part of these operating instructions and must be observed. National regulations apply in full.

The truck described in the present operator manual is an industrial truck designed for lifting and transporting load units.

It must be used, operated and serviced in accordance with the present instructions. Any other type of use is beyond the scope of application and can result in damage to personnel, the truck or property. In particular, avoid overloading the truck with loads which are too heavy or placed on one side. The data plate attached to the truck or the load diagram are binding for the maximum load capacity. The industrial truck must not be used in fire or explosion endangered areas, or areas threatened by corrosion or excessive dust.

Proprietor responsibilities

For the purposes of the present operator manual the "proprietor" is defined as any natural or legal person who either uses the industrial truck himself, or on whose behalf it is used. In special cases (e.g. leasing or renting) the proprietor is considered the person who, in accordance with existing contractual agreements between the owner and user of the industrial truck, is charged with operational duties.

The proprietor must ensure that the truck is used only for the purpose it is intended for and that danger to life and limb of the user and third parties are excluded.

Furthermore, accident prevention regulations, safety regulations and operating, servicing and repair guidelines must be followed. The proprietor must ensure that all truck users have read and understood this operator manual.

Failure to comply with the operator manual shall invalidate the warranty. The same applies if improper work is carried out on the truck by the customer or third parties without the permission of the manufacturer's customer service department.

Attaching accessories

The mounting or installation of additional equipment which affects or supplements the performance of the industrial truck requires the written permission of the manufacturer. In some cases, local authority approval shall be required.

Approval of the local authorities however does not constitute the manufacturer's Approval.

1. Truck Description

1.1Assemblies



Item	Component	Item	Component
1	Folding operator pedal	5	Control Handle
2	Side arm	6	Emergency brake swich
3	Battery discharge indicator	7	Mast
4	Key switch	8	Lift mechanism

1.1.1Folding operator pedal

Folding operator pedal have two state: fold and unfold. While the state of Folding operator pedal changed the Travel speed (Max) changed too. Because of gas spring the folding operator pedal can fold self-motion.

1.1.2Side arm

Travel speed (Max) will change when the state of side arm is changed. Travel speed (Max) is much higher when the side arm is unfolded. The side arm can protect operator when truck running in high speed.

1.1.3Battery discharge indicator

The LEDs (1) represent battery residual capacity, The LCD (2) displays the operating hours

Battery Discharge Indicator(1)

When the truck has been released via the key switch, the battery charge status is displayed.

The colours of the LEDs (1) represent the following conditions:



LED colour		value
Green	Standard battery residual capacity	70-100%
Orange	Standard battery residual capacity	50-60%
Flashing Red	Standard battery residual capacity	0-20%

Battery Discharge for 70%, A flashing red show on storage battery charge warning. Battery Discharge for 80%, Two flashing reds show on battery charge used up warning, Lifting is now inhibited. The battery must be charged.

Operating hours display

Display range between 0.0 and 99,999.0 hours. Travel and lifting are logged. This is a backlit display.

Power up test

On power up the display shows:

- the operating hours
- the charge status

1.1.4Key switch

Switches control current on and off.

Removing the key prevents the truck from being switched on by unauthorised personnel.

1.1.5Control Handle



9	"Lower" button	Lowers load forks.
10	"Lift" button	Raises load forks.
11	Driving	Controls the driving speed and direction
	regulator	
12	Warning signal	Triggers a warning signal.
	button	
13	Collision safety	Safety function which, when activated, forces the truck to
	switch	reverse for approx. 3 seconds and then cuts out until the
		controller is briefly restored to neutral.

1.1.6Emergency brake swich

The supply current is interrupted, all electrical functions are deactivated and the truck is automatically braked.

Item	Description
1	Suspend direction
2	EP decal
3	"Never stand under the forks" and "Never stand or ride on forks for any reason" warning
4	"Never put your hands in inner and outer mast." warning
5	"Never stand or ride on forks for any reason" warning
6	Operator Warning Decal
7	Operation explain
8	Load curve
9	AC Power Decal

1.2 Identification points and data plates



1.2.1Truck data plate



Item	Description	Item	Description
1	Model name	9	Max. allowable battery weight (kg)
2	Туре	10	Min. allowable battery weight (kg)
3	Serial no.	11	load-lift height table
4	Nominal load centre (mm)	12	Manufacturer
5	Weight without battery(kg)	13	adress
6	Nominal voltage (V)	14	Equipment no.
7	Service weight (kg)	15	Service tel
8	Rated capacity (kg)	16	Licence no.

For queries regarding the truck or ordering spare parts please quote the truck serial number(3).

1.3Specifications

Item	Description		Unit	Parameter
1	Rated capacity		Kg	1600
2	Load centre distance (c)		mm	600
3	Lift (mast-dependent) (h1)	Max	mm	3000

	f				1
4	Raise lift speed(Max)	Fully loa		mm/s	115
5		Non-loa			160
6	Lowering lift speed	Fully loa		mm/s	175
7	Travel speed (Max)	Fully loa	ıd	Km/h	4.5
8		Non-loa	d		5.5
9	Max. grade ability (5 min	Fully loa	ıd	%	8
10	rating)	Non-loa	d		15
11	Turning radius	Pedal fo	lded (w1)	mm	1665
12		Pedal ur	nfold (w2)		2130
13	Ground clearance(m2)	Min		mm	30
14	Fork dimension	Length (1)	mm	1150
15		Width (s	5)		190
16		Height (e)		60
17	space between fork	Inboard((b4)	mm	190
18		Outboar	d(b2)		570
19	Fork height (h8)	Min		mm	85
20		length	Pedal folded (L2)	mm	2003
21	Dimensions		Pedal unfold (L1)	mm	2525
22		width(b1	. ,	mm	850
23		height (,	mm	2020
24		height (-	3450
25	Pedal height (h2)			mm	140
26	Side arm height (h3)			mm	1000
27	Control handle height	Max (h5)	mm	1500
28	_	Min (h4)		mm	1160
29	Net weight	Including	g without	Kg	1430
30		Without	without	Kg	1160
31	Motor	Travel		KŴ	1.5
32		Raise lif	t	KW	3.0
33	wheel	Loading	Wheel /		Ф85x70/4
		number			
34		driving v	vheel / number		Ф230x75/1
35		Balance number	Wheel /		Ф130x60/2
36	Battery	Туре			2V-VCF
37		Voltage	/ capacity	V/Ah	24/210
38	Brake distance	Non-loa		mm	1
	Wheelbase (L0)			mm	1400
39					1
39 40	Distance between forks,	Fork (b3	\$)	mm	380





2. Transport and Commissioning

2.1Transport

2.1.1Lifting the truck by crane

1.Only use crane lifting gear with sufficient capacity.

2.Loading weight = net weight of truck (+ battery weight for electric trucks).

3.crane lifting gear get across fixed hole(1) to Lifting the truck.

Park the truck securely.(see 3.2.4
 Parking the truck securely on page 16).

-Secure the crane slings to the attachment points (1).

Raise the truck with the forks at the side between the axles. Raise the truck slightly and make sure it is securely positioned on the forks. Necessary adjust or secure the forks with stops. Lower the truck slowly onto the ground and prevent it from rolling away.

2.1.2Securing the truck during

transport

The truck must be securely fastened when transported on a lorry or a trailer. Keep pedal and side arm folded,avoid them out of bodywork.

- The rope is used to fix the truck must be firm enough.

- Check .

Both sides need to fix.

Loading must be carried out by staff specially trained. In each case correct measurements shall be determined and appropriate safety measures adopted.

2.2Using the Truck for the First

Time

Only operate the truck with battery current. Rectified AC current will damage the electronic components. Cable connections to the battery (tow leads) must be less



than 6 m .

Preparing the truck for operation after delivery or transport

Procedure

- Check the equipment is complete.

- Check the hydraulic oil level.

Install the battery if necessary, (see "4.4 Battery removal and installation" on page 19).

- Charge the battery, (see "4.3 Charging the battery" on page 18).

2.3During brake-in

We recommended operating the machine under light load conditions for the first stage of operation to get the most from it. Especially the requirements given below should be observed while the machine is in a stage of 100 hours of operation.

- 1. Must prevent the new battery from over discharging when early used.
- 2. Perform specified preventive maintenance services carefully and completely.
- 3. Avoid sudden stop, starts or turns.
- 4. Oil changes and lubrication are recommended to do earlier than specified.
- 5. Limited load is $70 \sim 80\%$ of the rated load.

3.Operation

3.1Safety Regulations for the Operation of Forklift Trucks

Driver authorisation: The forklift truck may only be used by suitably trained personnel, who have demonstrated to the proprietor or his representative that they can drive and handle loads and have been authorised to operate the truck by the proprietor or his representative.

Driver's rights, obligations and responsibilities: The driver must be informed of his duties and responsibilities and be instructed in the operation of the truck and shall be familiar with the operator manual. The driver shall be afforded all due rights. Safety shoes must be worn with pedestrian operated trucks.

Unauthorised Use of Truck: The driver is responsible for the truck during the time it is in use. He shall prevent unauthorised persons from driving or operating the truck. It is forbidden to carry passengers or lift personnel.

Damage and Faults: The supervisor must be immediately informed of any damage or faults to the forklift truck. Trucks not safe for operation (e.g. wheel or brake problems) must not be used until they have been rectified.

Repairs: The driver must not carry out any repairs or alterations to the forklift truck without the necessary training and authorisation to do so. The driver must never disable or adjust safety mechanisms or switches.

Hazardous area: A hazardous area is defined as the area in which a person is at risk due to truck movement, lifting operations, the load handler (e.g. forks or attachments) or the load itself. This also includes areas which can be reached by falling loads or owering operating equipment.

Unauthorised persons must be kept away from the hazardous area. Where there is anger to personnel, a warning must be sounded with sufficient notice. If unauthorised personnel are still within the hazardous area the truck shall be brought to a halt immediately.

Safety Devices and Warning Signs: Safety devices, warning signs and warning instructions shall be strictly observed.

3.2Starting up the truck

3.2.1 Preparing

Before the truck can be commissioned, operated or a load unit lifted, the driver must ensure that there is nobody within the hazardous area.

Checks and operations to be performed before starting daily work

- Visually inspect the entire truck (in particular wheels and load handler) for obvious damage.

- Visually inspect the battery attachment and cable connections.



3.2.2Switching on the truck

– Make sure the Emergency brake switch is depressed(6).

– Make sure the battery is connected

Insert the key in the key switch (4) and turn it to the right as far as it will go.

– Test the warning signal switch (6).

The truck is now operational.

The battery charge / discharge indicator (3) shows the available battery capacity.

Warning!

Before operating the truck, check all controls and warning devices for proper operation. If any damage of fault is found, don't operate truck until corrected.

Test the braking operation of the control handle (5).

3.2.3Travelling, Steering, Braking

Never carry passengers.

Be extremely careful when driving and steering, especially when operating outside the geometry of the truck.

Emergency Disconnect

-Drawing back the emergency brake switch (6).

All electrical functions are deactivated.

Emergency Stop

Automatic braking (emergency stop) occurs when the control handle (5) is released-the tiller automatically reverts to the upper brake zone (B).

If the control handle moves slowly to the braking zone , the cause of this fault must be rectified. If necessary, replace the recuperating spring.



Travel

Do not reach between the operator pedal and the truck panel when you fold up the pedal.

We distinguish between two travel modes:

Truck with a folding operator pedal and moving handle.

– Pedestrian mode: Push the side arms in, fold up the operator pedal (1). The truck can only be operated at the reduced travel speed.

- Rider mode: Push the side arms out, fold down the operator pedal (1). The truck can be operated at maximum speed.

General:

– Set the handle (5) to the travel zone (F).

- Turn the controller (11) to the required direction (fwd. or rev.).

If the side arms are not folded out, the truck can only be operated at reduced speed.

Do not drive the truck unless the panels are closed and properly locked. When travelling through swing doors etc. make sure that the doors do not activate the collision safety button (13).

Travelling on inclines

Loads must always be carried at that end of the truck facing uphill.

Steering

In narrow bends the driver extends beyond the geometry of the truck.

– Move the tiller (5) to the left or right.

Braking

The brake pattern of the truck depends largely on the ground conditions. The driver must take this into account when operating the truck.

The truck can brake in three different ways:

- by plugging
- by using the operating brake
- with the emergency brake switch (Emergency Disconnect)

By Plugging:

– When travelling, set the controller (11) to the opposite direction.

The truck brakes regeneratively until it starts to move in the opposite direction.

The rate of braking depends on the position of the controller.

Braking with the operating brake:

– Set the tiller (5) to one of the brake zones (B).

The drive motor brakes regenerative (motor brake). Only when this brake fails to achieve the necessary brake force is the mechanical brake (magnetic brake) applied. When the truck is idle the magnetic brake (magnetic brake) applies.

When the tiller is released it reverts to the upper braking zone (B).

Braking with the emergency brake switch:

-Press Emergency brake switch (11).

The circuit is interrupted , all electrical functions are cut out and the truck automatically brakes (magnetic brake).

3.2.4Parking the truck securely

When you leave the truck it must be securely parked even if you only intend to leave it for a short time.

– Do not park the truck on an incline.

- Fully lower the load forks.
- Set the key switch (10) to the "0" position and remove the key.
- -Drawing back the emergency brake switch (11).
- Fold in the folding side arm

Do not reach between the operator platform and the truck panel when you fold up the folding platform.

3.3Safety regulations for truck operation

Travel routes and work areas : Only use lanes and routes specifically designated fortruck traffic. Unauthorised persons must stay away from work areas . Loads must onlybe stored in places specially designated for this purpose.

Driving conduct: The driver must adapt the travel speed to local conditions . Thetruck must be driven at slow speed when negotiating bends or narrow passageways ,when passing through swing doors and at blind spots . The driver must always observe an adequate braking distance between the forklift truck and the vehicle in front and must be in control of the truck at all times . Abrupt stopping (except emergencies) , rapid U turns and overtaking at dangerous or blind spots are not permitted. It is forbidden to lean out of or reach beyond the working and operating area.

Travel visibility : The driver must look in the direction of travel and must always have a clear view of the route ahead . Loads which affect visibility must be stored at the rear of the truck. If this is not possible , a second person must walk in front of the truck as a lookout.

Negotiating slopes and inclines :Negotiating slopes or inclines is only permitted if such roads are clean and have a non-slip surface and providing such journeys are safely undertaken in accordance with the technical specifications for the truck in question. The truck must always be driven with the load unit facing uphill. The industrial truck must not be turned , operated at an angle or parked on inclines or slopes. Inclines must only be negotiated at slow speed, with the driver ready to brake at any moment.

Negotiating lifts and docks : Lifts and docks must only be used if they have sufficient capacity, are suitable for driving on and authorised for truck traffic by the owner. The driver must satisfy himself of the above before entering these areas. The truck must enter lifts with the load in front and must take up a position which does not allow it tocome into contact with the walls of the lift shaft.

Persons riding in the lift with the forklift truck must only enter the lift after the truck has come to a rest and must leave the lift before the truck.

3.4 Collecting and depositing loads

Before picking up a load, the driver must ensure that it is correctly palletised and that the capacity of the truck is not exceeded. It is forbidden to collect long loads at an angle.

- Fully insert the truck and the load handler underneath the load unit.

Lift

– Press the "Lift" (10) button until you reach the desired lift height.

Release the button as soon as you reach the limit position of the load handler.

Lower

– Press the "Lower" button (9) until you reach the required lifting height.

Do not deposit the load in a sudden manner.

Nature of loads to be carried: The operator must make sure that the load is in a satisfactory condition. Only carry loads that are positioned safely and carefully . Use suitable precautions, e.g. a load guard , to prevent parts of the load from tipping or falling down.

4.Battery Maintenance & Charging

4.1 Safety regulations for handling acid batteries

Park the truck securely before carrying out any work on the batteries.

Maintenance personnel : Batteries may only be charged, serviced or replaced by trained personnel .The present operator manual and the manufacturer 's instructions concerning batteries and charging stations must be observed when carrying out the work.

Fire protection :

- Smoking and naked flames must be avoided when working with batteries.

- Wherever a truck is parked for charging there shall be no inflammable material or

operating fluids capable of creating sparks within 2 metres around the truck.

- The area must be well ventilated.

- Fire protection equipment must be provided.

Protection against electric shock:

- Battery has high voltage and energy.

– Do not bring short circuit.



- Do not approach tools to the two poles of the battery, which can cause the sparkle.

Do not overuse battery:

- If you use up the energy of battery till the forklift immovability, you will shorten its working hours.

- Shower for battery appears need for charge, please charge it quickly.

Inspection for electrolyte:

- Do not using forklift which is absent electrolyte.
- Inspection for electrolyte level every week.
- When electrolyte level is low, you must add distilled water to the level appointed.

Battery maintenance: The battery cell covers must be kept dry and clean. The terminals and cable shoes must be clean, secure and have a light coating of dielectric grease.Batteries with non insulated terminals must be covered with a non slip insulation mat.

Warning!

1. Do not use dry cloth or fibre cloth to clean the battery, avoiding static to bring the explosion.

- 2. Unfixing battery plug.
- 3. Cleaning with wet cloth.
- 4. Wearing glasses for protecting eyes rubber overshoes and rubber glove.

Battery Disposal:Batteries may only be disposed of in accordance with national environmental protection regulations or disposal laws.The manufacturer's disposal instructions must be followed.

Before closing the battery cover make sure that the battery lead cannot be damaged.

Batteries contain an acid solution which is poisonous and corrosive . Therefore , always wear protective clothing and eye protection when carrying out work on batteries . Above all avoid any contact with battery acid.

Nevertheless, should clothing, skin or eyes come in contact with acid the affected parts should be rinsed with plenty of clean water-where the skin or eyes are affected call a doctor immediately. Immediately neutralise any spilled battery acid.

Only batteries with a sealed battery container may be used.

The weight and dimensions of the battery have considerable affect on the operational safety of the truck. Battery equipment may only be replaced with the agreement of the manufacturer.

4.2 Battery type & dimension

Battery type & dimension as follow :

Tuck type	Battery type	Battery height	Battery length	Battery width
		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
ES16	24V-VCF	600	815	222

When replacing or installing batteries, ensure that the battery is correctly secured in the battery compartment of the truck.

4.3Charging the battery

4.3.1Exposing the battery

Park the truck securely (See 3.2.4 Parking the truck securely Page 16).

- Drawing back the emergency brake switch (3).

Lift up the battery panel (2) using the grip mould (1) and fold it back.



4.3.2Charging the battery

Safety regulations for Charging the battery

 To charge the battery, the truck must be parked in a closed and properly ventilated room.

- When charging, the tops of the battery cells must be exposed to provide sufficient ventilation.

- Do not place any metal objects on the battery .

– Before charging, check all cables and plug connections for visible signs of damage.

- It is essential to follow the safety regulations of the battery and charging station manufacturers.

Charging step

 Check whether the condition is according with "Safety regulations for Charging the battery".

Park the truck securely(See 3.2.4
 Parking the truck securely Page 16).

Expose the battery (see 4.3.1
 Exposing the battery Page 18).

- Remove the battery connector (29).

- Connect the battery plug (30) with the charging lead of the stationary charger (29) and turn on the charger.

4.4Battery removal and installation

4.4.1Changing the battery



(1)Undo the spring elements of the battery panel and remove the battery panel.

The truck must be parked on level ground. To prevent short circuits, batteries with exposed terminals or connectors must be covered with a rubber mat. Place the battery connector or the battery cable in such a way that they will not get caught on the truck when the battery is removed.

When transporting batteries using a crane, ensure that the crane is of adequate Capacity (the battery weight is indicated on the battery data plate on the battery container). The lifting gear must exert a vertical pull so that the battery container is not

compressed. The hooks must be attached to the eyes (4) of the battery in such a way that they cannot fall onto the battery cells when the lifting gear is discharged.

Park the truck securely(See 3.2.4
 Parking the truck securely Page 16).



- Expose the battery (see 4.3.1 Exposing the battery Page 18).
- Remove the battery connector (3).
- Strap the crane lifting gear to the eyes (8).
- -Drawing back the emergency brake switch.

When replacing a battery always use the same battery type. Extra weights must not be removed and must remain in the same position.

 Installation is in the reverse order of operations. When reinstalling the battery, heed the required installation position and make sure the battery is connected correctly.

(2) remove the side panel

The truck must be parked on level ground. To prevent short circuits, batteries with exposed terminals or connectors must be covered with a rubber mat. Place the battery connector or the battery cable in such a way that they will not get caught on the truck when the battery is removed.

-Remove the battery panel which on the side, then pull out the battery. Installation is in the reverse order of operations.

After installing the battery again, check all cables and plug connections for visible signs of damage.



Before starting the truck, the battery panel must be firmly closed. Close the battery panel carefully and slowly. Do not reach between the battery panel and the chassis.

5.Forklift Truck Maintenance

5.1Operational safety and environmental protection

- The servicing and inspection operations contained in this chapter must be performed in accordance with the intervals indicated in the servicing checklists.

- Any modification to the forklift truck assemblies, in particular the safety mechanisms, is prohibited. The operational speeds of the truck must not be changed under any circumstances.

- Only original spare parts have been certified by our quality assurance department. To ensure safe and reliable operation of the forklift truck, use only the manufacturer's spare parts. Used parts, oils and fuels must be disposed of in accordance with the relevant environmental protection regulations. For oil changes, contact the manufacturer's specialist department.

- Upon completion of inspection and servicing, carry out the activities listed in the "Recommissioning (on page 27)" section.

5.2Maintenance Safety Regulations

Maintenance personnel

Industrial trucks must only be serviced and maintained by the manufacturer's trained personnel.

The manufacturer's service department has field technicians specially trained for these tasks. We therefore recommend a maintenance contract with the manufacturer's local service centre.

Lifting and jacking up

When an industrial truck is to be lifted, the lifting gear must only be secured to the points specially provided for this purpose.

When jacking up the truck, take appropriate measures to prevent the truck from slipping or tipping over (e.g. wedges, wooden blocks).

You may only work underneath a raised load handler if it is supported by a sufficiently strong chain.

Cleaning

Do not use flammable liquids to clean the industrial truck.

Prior to cleaning, all safety measures required to prevent sparking (e.g. through short circuits) must be taken. For battery-operated trucks, the battery connector must be removed.

Only weak suction or compressed air and non-conductive antistatic brushes may be used for cleaning electric or electronic assemblies.

If the truck is to be cleaned with a water jet or a high-pressure cleaner, all electrical

and electronic components must be carefully covered beforehand as moisture can cause malfunctions.

Do not clean with pressurised water.

After cleaning the truck, carry out the activities detailed in the "Recommission (on page 27)" section.

Electrical System

Only suitably trained personnel may operate on the truck's electrical system.

Before working on the electrical system, take all precautionary measures to avoid – electric shocks.

For battery-operated trucks, also de-energise the truck by removing the battery connector.

Welding

To avoid damaging electric or electronic components, remove these from the truck before performing welding operations.

Settings

When repairing or replacing hydraulic, electric or electronic components or assemblies, always note the truck-specific settings.

Tyres

The quality of tyres affects the stability and performance of the truck. When replacing factory fitted tyres only used original manufacturer's spare parts, as otherwise the data plate specifications will not be kept.

When changing wheels and tyres, ensure that the truck does not slew (e.g. when replacing wheels always left and right simultaneously).

Lift chains

Lift chains wear rapidly if not lubricated.

The intervals stated in the service checklist apply to normal duty use. More demanding conditions (dust, temperature) require more regular lubrication.

The prescribed chain spray must be used in accordance with the instructions. Applying grease externally will not provide sufficient lubrication.

Hydraulic hoses

The hoses must be replaced every six years. When replacing hydraulic components, also replace the hoses in the hydraulic system.

5.3Servicing and inspection

Thorough and expert servicing is one of the most important requirements for the safe operation of the industrial truck. Failure to perform regular servicing can lead to truck failure and poses a potential hazard to personnel and equipment.

The service intervals stated are based on single shift operation under normal operating conditions. They must be reduced accordingly if the truck is to be used in conditions of extreme dust, temperature fluctuations or multiple shifts.

The following maintenance checklist states the tasks and intervals after which they should be carried out. Maintenance intervals are defined as:

W = Every 50 service hours, at least weekly

A = Every 500 operating hours

B = Every 1000 operating hours, or at least annually

C = Every 2000 operating hours, or at least annually

W service intervals are to be performed by the customer.

In the run-in period - after approx. 100 service hours - or after repair work, the owner must check the wheel nuts/bolts and re-tighten if necessary.

5.3.1 Maintenance Checklist

		Standard = ★ Cold Store = ☆	w	А	В	с
Brake	1.1	Check magnetic brake air gap.			*	
Diake	1.1	oneok magnetie brake all gap.			^	
Electrics 2.1		Test instruments, displays and control switches.			*	
	2.2	Test warning and safety device.	☆		★	
	2.3	Check fuse ratings.				★
	2.4	Make sure wire connections are secure and check for damage.			*	
	2.5	Test micro switch setting.			★	
	2.6	Check contactors and relays.			★	
	2.7	Frame leakage test			★	
	2.8	Test cable and motor attachments.			\star	
	2.9	Check carbon brush wear, replace if necessary.			*	
Power	3.1	Visually inspect battery	☆		★	
supply	3.2	Check battery cable connections are	☆		★	
		secure, grease terminals if necessary.				
	3.3	Check acid density, acid level and battery voltage.	☆		*	
Travel	4.1	Check motor suspension.			\star	
	4.2	Check the transmission for noise and leakage.			*	
	4.3	Replace gear oil if service life exceeded (10,000 hours).				
	4.3	(10,000 hours). Check travel mechanism, adjust and lubricate if necessary.	☆		*	
		(10,000 hours). Check travel mechanism, adjust and	*		*	

		Standard = ★ Cold Store = ☆	w	А	в	с
T	5 4					
Truck design	5.1	Test the operator's platform and check			★	
		for damage.				
	5.2	Check chassis for damage and screw			*	
		connections.				
	5.3	Check labels.			★	
			1			
Hydraulic	6.1	Check operation, wear and setting.			★	
operation	6.2	Check forks for wear and damage.			★	
	6.3	Test hydraulic system.	$\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}$		★	
	6.4	Check that hose and pipe lines and their	对~		\star	
		connections are secure, check for leaks				
		and damage.				
	6.5	Check cylinders and piston rods for	\$		★	
		damage and leaks, and make sure they				
		are secure.				
	6.6	Check hydraulic oil level.	☆		★	
	6.7	Replace hydraulic oil filter.			\$	*
	6.8	Replace hydraulic oil.			☆	*
	6.9	Check wheels for wear and damage.			★	
Agreed	7.1	Lubricate truck in accordance with	文		★	
performance		Lubrication Schedule.				
levels	7.2	Test run			★	
	7.3	Demonstration after servicing			★	

5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule



 $^{\diamondsuit}$ Transmission oil drain plug

Fuels, coolants and lubricants

Handling consumables: Consumables must always be handled correctly. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Improper handling is hazardous to health, life and the environment. Consumables must only be stored in appropriate containers. They may be flammable and must therefore not come into contact with hot components or naked flames.

Only use clean containers when filling up with consumables. Do not mix consumables of different grades. The only exception to this is when mixing is expressly stipulated in the Operating Instructions.

Avoid spillage. Spilled liquids must be removed immediately with suitable bonding agents and the bonding agent/consumable mixture must be disposed of in accordance with regulations.

Code	Description	Used for
Α	HM46#	Hydraulic system
В	Grease, Polylube GA352P	Lubrication
С	GL-85W-90	Transmission

5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions

Prepare the truck for maintenance and repairs

All necessary safety measures must be taken to avoid accidents when carrying out maintenance and repairs. The following preparations must be made:

- Park the truck securely (See 3.2.4 Parking the truck securely Page 16).

Disconnect the battery to prevent the truck from accidentally starting.

 When working under a raised lift truck, secure it to prevent it from tipping or sliding away.

(see 4.3.1 Exposing the battery Page 18)

Removing the front panel

Open the battery panel(see 4.3.1
 Exposing the battery Page 18).

- Remove the two screws (1).
- Carefully lift off the front panel (2).

Replacing the drive wheel



The drive wheel must only be replaced by authorised service personnel.

Checking the hydraulic oil level

Prepare the truck for maintenance and repairs (See 5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

Opening the front panel(See 5.3.3
Maintenance Instructions Page26).
Check hydraulic oil level in hydraulic reservoir .

There is oil level display on the level gauge The Oil level depends on the lift height.

The oil level must be checked when the load forks are lowered.

-If necessary add hydraulic oil of the correct grade (See 5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule P26).

Installation is the reverse order.

Check transmission oil level

Level gauge

 Prepare the truck for maintenance and repairs (See 5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

- Remove the front panel (See 5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

- Turn the tiller to the right stop.

- Check the transmission oil level, it should be at the control plug level (See 5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule Page26).

If necessary add transmission oil of the correct grade (See 5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule Page26).

Installation is the reverse order.

Checking electrical fuses

 Prepare the truck for maintenance and repairs (See 5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

Dismantle the front panel (See 5.3.3
 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

 Check rating of all fuses in accordance with table, replace if necessary.

Item	To protect:	Rating
1	Traction / Lift motor	200A
2	Controller	15A



Recommissioning

The truck may only be recommissioned after cleaning or repair work, once the following operations have been performed.

- Test horn.
- Test Emergency brake swich.
- Test brake.
- Lubricate the truck in accordance with the maintenance schedule.

5.4Decommissioning the industrial truck

If the industrial truck is to be decommissioned for more than two months, e.g. foroperational reasons, it must be parked in a frost-free and dry location and allnecessary measures must be taken before, during and after decommissioning as described.

On decommissioning the truck must be jacked up so that all the wheels are clear of the ground. This is the only way of ensuring that the wheels and wheel bearings are not damaged.

If the truck is to be out of service for more than 6 months , further measures must be taken in consultation with the manufacturer's service department.

5.4.1Prior to decommissioning

- Thoroughly clean the truck.

- Check the brakes.

 Check the hydraulic oil level and replenish as necessary (See 5.3.3 Maintenance Instructions Page26).

– Apply a thin layer of oil or grease to any non-painted mechanical components.

–Lubricate the truck in accordance with the maintenance schedule (See 5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule P26).

- Charge the battery (See 4.3Charging the battery P18).

- Disconnect the battery, clean it and apply grease to the terminals.

In addition, follow the battery manufacturer's instructions.

- Spay all exposed electrical contacts with a suitable contact spray.

5.4.2During decommissioning

Every 2 months:

– Charge the battery (See 4.3Charging the battery P18).

Battery powered trucks:

The battery must be charged at regular intervals to avoid depletion of the battery through self-discharge. The sulfatisation would destroy the battery.

5.4.3 Restoring the truck to operation after decommissioning

– Thoroughly clean the truck.

– Lubricate the truck in accordance with the maintenance schedule (See 5.3.2 Lubrication Schedule P26).

- Clean the battery, grease the terminals and connect the battery.
- Charge the battery (See 4.3Charging the battery P18).
- Check transmission oil for condensed water and replace if necessary.
- Check hydraulic oil for condensed water and replace if necessary.
- Start up the truck (see 3.23.2Starting up the truck P11).

Battery powered trucks:

If there are switching problems in the electrical system, apply contact spray to the exposed contacts and remove any oxide layers on the contacts of the operating controls by applying them repeatedly.

Perform several brake tests immediately after re-commissioning the truck.

5.5Safety checks to be performed at regular intervals and following any

unusual incidents

Carry out a safety check in accordance with national regulations. EP has a special safety department with trained personnel to carry out such checks. The truck must be inspected at least annually (refer to national regulations) or after any unusual event by a qualified inspector. The inspector shall assess the condition of the truck from purely a safety viewpoint, without regard to operational or economic circumstances. The inspector shall be sufficiently instructed and experienced to be able to assess the condition of the truck and the effectiveness of the safety mechanisms based on the technical regulations and principles governing the inspection of forklift trucks.

A thorough test of the truck must be undertaken with regard to its technical condition from a safety aspect. The truck must also be examined for damage caused by possible improper use. A test report shall be provided. The test results must be kept for at least the next 2 inspections.

The owner is responsible for ensuring that faults are immediately rectified.

A test plate is attached to the truck as proof that it has passed the safety inspection. This plate indicates the due date for the next inspection.

5.6Final de-commissioning, disposal

Final, proper decommissioning or disposal of the truck must be performed in accordance with the regulations of the country of application. In particular, regulations governing the disposal of batteries, fuels and electronic and electrical systems must be observed.

6.Troubleshooting

This chapter is designed to help the user identify and rectify basic faults or the results of incorrect operation. When locating a fault, proceed in the order shown in the table.

Fault	Possible cause	Action
Truck does	 Battery connector not 	- Check the battery connector
not start.	connected	and connect if necessary.
	- Key switch in "0" position	 Set key switch to "I"
	 Battery charge too low 	– Check battery charge, charge
	-Faulty fuse	battery if Necessary
	 Truck in charge mode 	– Test fuses
		 Interrupt charging
Load can not	 Charge capacity below 20 / 	 Charging the battery
be lifted	40% – Hydraulic oil level too	 Check the hydraulic oil level
	low	- Note maximum capacity (see
	 Excessive load 	data plate)

If the fault cannot be rectified after carrying out the remedial procedure, notify the manufacturer 's service department ,as any further troubleshooting can only be performed by specially trained and qualified service personnel.